

NOTES ON WILD
LIFE IN HONGKONG
AND SOUTH CHINA
By THE REV. O. A.
BUNBURY, M.A.
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HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1915.

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AVIATOR'S ESCAPE FROM
TSAI GTAO.

New York, 15th January.—Lieut. Gunther Plushow, the German naval aviator who did most of the aerial scouting for the garrison in Tientsin before the capture of that place by the Japanese, and who made a sensational escape from the beleaguered city the day before it fell, was in New York today. Lieut. Plushow is said to be the only living officer who was on duty at Tientsin, who is now not a prisoner of the Japanese. He fled by aeroplane on the day before the surrender, reaching a village in the interior, and after various adventures got away from China as a Scotchman.

Lieut. Plushow, who is smooth shaven, looked less than 21 years old, but he has served 11 years in the German navy. SAID HE OWNED SOON.

In company with one other aviator, Lieut. Plushow arrived at Tientsin with two Taube aeroplanes just three days before the declaration of war, and they were the only aviators with the garrison all through the siege. He had had just three months' training as a flyer. The other aviator was brought down by Japanese guns, and not long afterward the observation balloon, belonging to the garrison, was destroyed by shell fire.

The lieutenant led a busy life. He felt safe enough when he was well up in the air, but there was only one place, the polo ground, where he could land, and so well had the Japanese got the range of that spot that starting and landing was usually done amid a shower of shells and shrapnel. The building of the Polo Club was demolished in an effort of the Japanese to destroy the hangar where the aircraft was kept. After Plushow built a dummy aeroplane which from above looked enough like a real machine to draw the Japanese fire from the first time it was purposely left on the polo field. Lieut. Plushow had not carried a stock of aerial bombs to the Far East, and he had to manufacture his own out of tin cans, dynamite and iron nails. None was effective except one which he dropped on the kitchen of the British detachment of the invading force.

His escape from Tientsin was made the day before the town fell. He started just before dawn. As he rose from the polo field a shell burst under him, a piece of it making a good sized hole in one wing of his aeroplane.

Lieut. Plushow flew off to the westward directly over the invading armies, with guns and rifles pumping shells and bullets after him. He flew for hours and had covered about a hundred and eighty miles when his gasoline supply gave out, and he descended near the city of Hsi Chow. There, to the amazement of the crowd, he burned his machine and then walked into the city and surrendered to the military authorities.

HAVE CHINESE THE ALIVE.

Not liking the idea of remaining in their care for an indeterminate time, he gave his gun the slip one night and made his way to Shanghai. Now he was at an open port but in the international colony where he did not feel safe. The only neutral vessel he could leave on was a Pacific Mail vessel, and that was in the habit of stopping in three Japanese ports on the way to Honolulu and San Francisco. Therefore he obtained a passport—his friend did not say how—made out in the name of E. F. Macgavin—and left on the Mongolia on 6th December.

Reader's correspondent at Peking writes that among the pitiful sights at Lemberg are convalescent Russian soldiers who have been blinded by vitriol thrown by the Germans. These blind soldiers are to be seen walking about the town in single file clutching a rope and led by a guide.

LOSING WEIGHT
"Under Weight," a condition of ill-health, shows your assimilative powers are decreasing.

WATERBURY'S
METABOLIZED
COD LIVER OIL
Compound
Supplies the blood with the wanted nourishing and healthy flesh building materials. Very palatable.

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LADIES DAYS MONDAYS AND TUESDAYS
CHARGES—
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NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

THE FORTY-SIXTH ORDINARY
MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
will be held at the OFFICES of the
Undersigned at 12.30 P.M. on THURSDAY
the 18th instant.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company
will be CLOSED from the 4th to the 18th
instant, both days inclusive.
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.
General Managers.
Hongkong Fire Insurance
Company Limited.
Hongkong, March 1, 1915. 193

CHINA SUGAR REFINING CO., LTD.

NOTICE

THE THIRTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY
ANNUAL MEETING OF THE
SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company
will be held at the OFFICES of the General
Agents, Pedder Street, on WEDNESDAY
the 24th March at 12.30 P.M. for the
purpose of receiving the Report and
Statement of Accounts for the year ending
31st December, 1914.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company
will be CLOSED from the 11th to the 24th
March, both days inclusive.
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.
General Agents.
Hongkong, March 4, 1915. 202

LUZON SUGAR REFINING CO., LTD.

NOTICE

THE THIRTY-THIRD ORDINARY
ANNUAL MEETING OF THE
SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company
will be held at the OFFICES of the General
Agents, Pedder Street, on WEDNESDAY
the 24th March at 12.30 P.M. for the
purpose of receiving the Report and
Statement of Accounts for the year ending
31st December, 1914.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company
will be CLOSED from the 11th to the 24th
March, both days inclusive.
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.
General Agents.
Hongkong, March 4, 1915. 203

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE

THE FORTY-SIXTH MEETING OF
SHAREHOLDERS of the Company
will be held at the Company's Office,
No. 2, Queen's Road Central, Victoria,
on THURSDAY, the 25th March,
1915, at 12 o'clock noon, for the
purpose of receiving a Statement of
Accounts and the Report of the Directors
for the year ending 31st December, 1914.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the
Company will be CLOSED from the 12th
to the 25th March, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board of Directors.
O. PEMBERTON,
Secretary.
Hongkong, March 4, 1915. 204

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING
COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE SIXTY-THIRD ORDINARY
ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
of the above COMPANY will be held at
the COMPANY'S OFFICE, 25th March,
1915, at 12 o'clock noon for the purpose
of receiving a Statement of Accounts and
the Report of the General Managers for the
year ending 31st December, 1914, and
electing a Consulting Committee and
Auditors.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the COM-
PANY will be CLOSED from MONDAY
the 22nd March to WEDNESDAY, the
24th March, 1915, both days inclusive.
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
General Managers.
Hongkong, March 16, 1915. 241

CHEN KWONG & Co., Ltd.

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and No. 180, Connaught Road Central.
Tel. No. 811. Hongkong

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY,
LIMITED.

TIME TABLE

WEEK DAYS.
1.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
3.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
3.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

STREET CARS.
8.50 p.m. and 9 p.m., 9.30 p.m. to 11.00
p.m. every half hour.
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of
an hour.

SUNDAYS.
7.45 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12 Noon. Every 10 minutes.
12.00 Noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
6.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
7.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS on Week Days.
Saturdays.
Extra Car at 12 midnight.

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General Managers.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.
General Agents.
Hongkong, March 4, 1915. 203

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY LIMITED.

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By Order of the Board of Directors.
O. PEMBERTON,
Secretary.
Hongkong, March 4, 1915. 204

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING
COMPANY, LIMITED.

IRON STEEL METAL and HARD
WARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale
and Retail Ironmongers, Light Iron
and Foundry Cuts Importers. General Store-
keepers and Shipchangers. Nos. 35 and
37, Hing Loong Street, (2nd Street, west
of Central Market) Telephone No. 515.
Hongkong, September 4, 1913.

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Special Rates For Prolonged Stays
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AND
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Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.
FIRST CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS' HOTEL.
Telephone in all rooms. First class Chinese, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' Rooms,
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Terms—From \$5 per day. Telegraph Add: "Peak Hotel."
P. H. PEUSTER,
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GRAND HOTEL
FIRST CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE HOTEL, most central location within
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Noted for the Best Food, Refreshments, Accommodation and Cleanliness. Coins
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5.30 p.m. to 11.30 p.m.
Special monthly terms for residents and for Shipping particulars only—
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Portland Cement
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A VALUABLE REMEDY FOR COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA AND
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MARTIN'S MIXTURE.
A SPECIFIC FOR INFLUENZA, HAY FEVER, COLD IN THE HEAD.
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Established 1823
MANUFACTURERS OF
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STRAND 1/2 to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE
CABLE LAID 5" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE
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Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.
Prices, Samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to
Shewan Tomes & Co., General Managers.
Hongkong, April 11, 1915. 201

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"While-you-wait," Photography
JUST ARRIVED FROM JAPAN A FULLY QUALIFIED ARTIST WITH
APPARATUS AND MATERIALS WHICH CAN FINISH
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(NOW RECONSTRUCTED)
ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON
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over thirty years' experience. We own two slipways and can accommodate any craft
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Town Office, 43, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, Hongkong. Telephone No. 459.
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Estimates furnished on application. WONG PING WA, Manager.
Hongkong, April 1, 1915.

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The "COCOA de Luxe"
HIGHEST GRADE
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"BOURNVILLE COCOA represents the
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Medical Magazine, March, 1912
The Mark of Quality.
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FROM "THE FACTORY IN A GARDEN," BOURNVILLE, ENGLAND.
Hongkong, Dec. 17, 1914.

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In Tins and Fancy Boxes
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SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS, PROVISION MERCHANTS, COAL
MERCHANTS, &c., &c., OF FIFTY YEARS STANDING
SHIP CAPTAINS ARE REQUESTED TO GIVE US A TRIAL.
FRANCISCO TSE YAT, General Manager.
Hongkong, March 10, 1915.THE KAILAN MINING
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STEAM RAISING, FORGING, STEEL MAKING, SHIPS' DUNKERS AND
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Competes with the best quality English Coke for
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European Supervision

Moderate Price

A Natural
RemedyTime was when disease was thought to be due
to the direct influence of evil spirits, and exorcism
and magic were invoked to cast it out.Science has taught us wisdom. The evil
spirits exist still. We call them "Diseased
Germs," and they also must be cast out. Once
lodged in the stomach or intestines, fever with
its hallucinations, or biliousness with its aches
and pains, is the result.ENO'S
FRUIT SALTis the approved remedy for driving out disease
germs. Its action is quick and thorough. It
clears the intestines, rouses the torpid liver to new
life, stimulates the mucous membrane to a healthy
action, and cleanses and invigorates the whole
digestive tract.It may be safely taken at any time by young
or old.
It is very effective in the early stage of Diarrhoea
by removing the irritating cause.
Be prepared for emergencies by always keeping
a bottle in the house.

Prepared on by

J. ENO, Ltd., "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, LONDON, ENGLAND.
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STORES EVERYWHERE.

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MITSU BISHIGOSHI KWAISHA
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SIMA, OCHI, MUTABE, YO-
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For particulars, apply to

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No. 2, PEDDER STREET,
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HONGKONG CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE TWENTY-SEVENTH HALF
YEARLY DRAWING of 65
DRAUGHTS (1898 issue) of the
HONGKONG CLUB, PAYABLE on
WEDNESDAY, the 24th March, 1915,
will be held in the Club House at 11 o'clock,
A.M. on WEDNESDAY, the 24th March,
1915.Members of Dignities are invited to
attend the Drawing.By Order,
E. DES VOUX,
Secretary.

Hongkong, March 13, 1915.

NOTICE.

We are prepared to deliver our

MICK & BUTTER

to any address in the City, East and
West Point, Quarry Bay, Kowloon
and Canton.

TWICE DAILY

Orders for Mesta and all Dairy
Produce can be registered at our
Town Depot or at our branches at
the Peak, Quarry Bay, Kowloon
and Shamonee.

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NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE

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COMPANY, LTD.,

and

THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS

ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS at 31st DECEMBER, 1913,

£23,622,155.

I—Authorized Capital £5,000,000

Subscribed Capital £2,500,000

Paid up Capital £2,437,500

II—Fire Funds £3,899,114

III—Life & Annuity Funds £16,138,150

Sinking Fund Account £8,512

£22,561,293

Revenue Fire Branch 2,567,158

Life and Annuity 1,973,259

Revenue Marine Department 262,592

Other Receipts 400,193

£5,233,312

The Accumulated Funds of the various
Branches are separately invested, and, by
Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet
the claims under the respective Depart-
ments of the Company's Business.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO

Agents.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY,
THERAPION NO. 1

THERAPION NO. 2

THERAPION NO. 3

THERAPION NO. 4

THERAPION NO. 5

The Old English Squire

of song and story was the one kindly old
mortal who certainly knew real comfort.
A generous item in his daily joys was a cool
Churchwarden Clay and a palm full of ripe, mellow tobacco.

Old English Curve Cut carries out that
"sweet tradition of smoke." It is a
distinctive old aristocratic among pipe
tobaccoes. The curved "Curve Cut" is
way in which "Old English" is
packed absolutely prevents the
tobacco from becoming dry and
tender, and preserves its original
freshness and fragrance.

It is made for the pipe
only—hand-picked, sliced,
plugged—and ensures a slow,
burning, cool smoke.

Sold by
all High-Class
Tobacconists.

REPORTED DEATH OF
THE TRAITOR MARITZ.

EXECUTED BY GERMANS.

REMARKABLE DUPLICITY.

Pretoria, Feb. 9.
The Pretoria News states that the rebel
leader Maritz has been executed by the
Germans for treachery.In the course of his recent conference
with the Union officers regarding the
possibility of surrender, Maritz, says the
News, asked whether his life would be
spared. He was told that no conditions
could be granted to him, and that the
Union Government would be as free to
execute him as the rebel Wessels.
Maritz thereupon left the Loyalist Camp
on the understanding that, in addition to
surrendering himself, he should try to
bring in the German force of the
Union Government would be as free to
execute him as the rebel Wessels.The result was that the Germans at once
opened an attack on the town, this, how-
ever, was beaten off, the German artillery,
owing to Maritz's double treachery, being
extricated with difficulty, and the enemy
retiring with severe loss.The Germans, adds the journal, instantly
arrested Maritz, who was probably executed
without further ceremony.

KAKAMAS FIGHT.

Official Statement.

The Governor-General of the Union of
South Africa has communicated to the
Secretary of State for the Colonies the
following summary of announcements made
by the Government of the Union (says
"The Daily Telegraph").Colonel van de Venster received reports
from Kakamas that the force of the enemy
had moved to the north bank of the
Orange River, and was bombarding the
points and ferry-boats at Kakamas. A later
report showed the enemy had been re-
pulsed with loss, and were retiring towards
Sienepoort. On 25th March, one of the
officers killed and two men wounded. Col-
onel van de Venster has left Uptington,
and after a short conference decided to
surrender unconditionally. Arrange-
ments were made for Kemp, with his men,
to surrender at Uptington on Feb. 3, while
Maritz's men were to come into Kakamas
in smaller parties. It was stated by
some of Maritz's men that Maritz had
surrendered to German territory to collect
and bring in his men from there. Instructions
were issued from Defence Headquarters to
take strictest precautions against treachery.It is not clear at present that attack on
Kakamas was treacherously planned by
Maritz. German may possibly have got
wind of rebels' intentions and endeavored
to frustrate them. There can only be a
very small number of rebels remaining in
the field. From further official report, it
appears that, at engagement at Kakamas
on February 4, enemy's force consisted of
German troops, their horses were one
officer and eight others, including one
killed, and it is estimated that
enemy removed about twenty wounded.
Two of their wounded, together with two
officers and eleven men, were taken pri-
soner. Since surrender reported on Feb.
2, a rebel officer with forty-nine men
arrived at Uptington on February 5 without
arms; stated that they had been disarmed
by the Germans.

Trial of Gen. Wessels.

BASTARD CHIEF'S DISCLOSURE.

Sensational evidence was given to-day in
the preliminary examination of the rebel
General Wessels Wessels on a charge of
high treason. The accused, who was a
member of the Union Defence Council
until the beginning of the rebellion, sur-
rendered on Dec. 9 last.The Bastard Chief, Lethem, Mopeli Chief
of the Mopeli tribe at Wittebock (in the
Orange Free State), deposed that he had
received the following letter from Wessels:"I beg to inform you herewith that we
shall place no guards on the Basuto border,
provided that we are assured that you and
your people will remain quiet. We wish
to wage a war of white against white, and
only in case the British should again arm
the coolies, would we count upon your
then very welcome aid, as we are confident
of victory over the British. We guarantee
your independence and the undisturbed
possession of your country on condition
that you remain quiet until we express a
wish to the contrary.Understand us well. We wish to leave
you and your people unmolested, and in
return we desire from you the same
attitude towards our people. Discontinue
these facts as far as possible in Basutoland,
especially the fact that we stand on the side
of the German Government and the
Emperor William, whose troops are ad-
vancing with artillery, to meet us and to
join hands with us."Witness also produced an envelope given
him by Wessels' emissary to send on to
Chief Griffith Juel in Basutoland, which,
he said, he forwarded to the border.

WITH THE ARMY IN FRANCE.

An Editor's Remarkable
Tribute.Mr. J. A. Spender, editor of the West-
minster Gazette, has been writing with
the army in France, and the testimony he bears
to the spirit of the men and the effect of
the war upon them is very remarkable."As for the spirit of the fighting men,
I found confidence, energy, and buoyancy
which I confess surprised me," he says.
"To the spirit of this war of trench
warfare, an intangible business, in which
the painful inches gained from day to day
amount to nothing, or next to nothing.
But the men out there were quite con-
vinced that they were getting on, and that
they had the ascendancy and would keep
it and assert it more and more. They said
this especially of the artillery and the
fighting quality of the troops. They said
that the new men the Germans were
putting in were decidedly inferior to the
men they had met at the beginning."

NEAR THE POINT OF DANGER.

"An occasional visit to the other side is
I find, almost a necessity of existence to the
elderly sedentary man. Otherwise one sits
and aches with a sort of despair of ever getting
to the heart of the thing, and a growing
sense of the futility of planning wars about
it. But with you get at least this—that
the endurance and the courage increase as
you get near the point of danger, and the
growing and the impatience as you go away
from it.""I don't suppose any fighting man, if he
told the truth, would say seriously that he
preferred war to peace. All the high-flying
talk about war as a great game or a glorious
adventure—the picture-book talk of our
childhood—has been silenced by this war.
You don't talk that way if you are all day
in a trench and up to your knees in mud.
As between the romance of war and the
comforts of peace, the soldiers would cast a
unanimous vote for the latter, and this fact
will, I think, tell powerfully for keeping
the peace, when we have got to the end of
this war. But if you asked them here and
now whether they would make peace with-
out getting Belgium back and leaving the
Germans and driving them out of France,
I think they would laugh you.""I never saw men more determined to
fight it through at all costs and all sacrifices."The Belgians, says a Petrograd mes-
sage, have lost a large number of officers in
the recent battles, and as there are not
sufficient men to replace them, the Kaiser
has transferred a number of naval officers
to the army and most of these men have
been sent to the eastern theatre of war.The Belgian soldier, "I remarked to
a friend, a Belgian officer who was standing
near me, that these soldiers appear to be
very far from disheartened. His reply was
curious, for he said: 'They have now
nothing more to be disheartened about,
because they have lost every tangible thing
they possessed.'""The manners of
these soldiers are wonderful. I have seen
much of them in peace and war, in hospital
and when off duty, and they are invariably
courteous to a degree, and always
appreciative of the smallest kindness.
Their bravery is magnificent. For instance,
recently there was a call for a hundred
volunteers for a desperate adventure. No
less than six hundred responded. In fact,
the Belgian Army, now, alas, greatly
reduced in size, consists of a number of
very gallant gentlemen."—A British Staff
Officer.For a good bold quest, a little
Table O'Ho with Wine & Liqueur
the best! ALEXANDRA CAFE.The Man Who
Gets ThereIs the man who has blood—
rich, red blood and
plenty of it—in his body.WATERBURY'S
METABOLIZED
COD LIVER OIL
COMPOUNDmakes blood—lots of it—its
giving, brain-nourishing,
strength-replenishing blood.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

Price: \$1.25 and \$2.50

**EVERY BEETLE
EVERY BUG**

is killed
by Keating's Powder
as soon as it comes
into thorough contact
with it.

Sold in the only
The unsullied way in
all homes, shops and
household insects in it.

Use
**KEATING'S
POWDER**

to themselves. I think this needs to be
remembered if we are to do justice to the
army. It has been so much a fashion among
military men to speak as if they were to be
envied when they went to war, and as if
anyone who didn't get his "chance in the
show" was greatly to be pitied, that the
outsider has come to take them a little too
much at their word.The change which is substituting a grim
and tenuous sense of duty for an irrespon-
sible sense of adventure is one of the
profoundest things in this war, and, in a
way, the most encouraging sign for those
who seriously regard it as a "war against
militarism.""Don't misunderstand me. Our soldiers
still have the cheerful buoyancy of Punch's
"incurables." They would hate to talk
about their sacrifice, and they tell you
nothing about their dangers and privations.
They joke and chat on the surgeon's table,
and are always "doing splendidly" after-
wards.

WHAT THEY HAVE ENDURED.

"In the early days of this war, when
the ambulance and hospital trains had
broken down under the strain of the war,
and the wounded were suffering all the
horrors of interminable journeys in cattle-
trucks, you could never get from any of them
that anything was wrong. They took it as
all in the day's work, and assumed that the
best possible had been done.""Thank God, that is over, and we now
have the best of everything for the
wounded; but all the more, because they
do not complain, the rest of us should
realize what they have suffered and must-
er, and the great call upon character
and courage that this war is making upon
those who take part in it.""Under the present impulse we are
getting not only numbers but men of the
highest quality, who are giving to the new
armies a quality of resolve and determination
not seen in this country since Cromwellian
times."GERMAN ADMIRAL ON THE
NAVAL WAR.

Risk of Battle.

Admiral Koster, president of the German
Naval League, delivered a lecture on Feb.
9 in the hall of the university at Kiel
which was marked by a remarkably frank
statement of the relative position and
strength of the opposing navies."Up to the present, he declared, he was
disappointed over the death which had
been done by the British Fleet, and he
could almost believe that the spirit of
Nelson no longer lived in the hearts of the
English seamen. It was a pity that the
people in Germany were not fully aware of
the great disproportion in strength which
existed as between the German and the
Anglo-French-Russian fleets."This disproportion was probably four to
one against Germany, especially if the fact
that four Russian battleships would be
ready next spring was taken into consid-
eration.In the Mediterranean the proportion
between the Euro-Austrian fleet and that
of the Allies was quite two to one against
the former."Up to the time of the resignation of
Prince Louis of Battenberg, the British
Fleet had made no striking attacking move-
ment, and since the appointment of Lord
Fisher as First Sea Lord its methods had
been entirely altered. They must draw
from this fact, however, the conclusion
that Britain, as the world dominating
Albion," would under every circumstance
have the opportunity and occasion of
dictating terms with her Fleet alone when
peace came up for discussion."Admiral Koster proceeded to point out
that a straight fight meant death or
victory and a fleet destroyed could not
be replaced during the present war."Therefore we must be prudent above
everything as regarded our activities, and
must not be drawn into a battle in which
we were likely to be defeated."If a fight occurred in which every one of
the German ships were sunk at the cost of
a similar number of British ships, then
England would still be able to step by step,
by being an attack upon the German coast,
and their shores between Emden and
Mann would be seriously endangered.Attempts to land would succeed if care-
fully planned and made at points unfavour-
ably situated. The German navy therefore
must protect them under all circumstances,
and only risk battle when success might be
expected."The German, says a Petrograd mes-
sage, have lost a large number of officers in
the recent battles, and as there are not
sufficient men to replace them, the Kaiser
has transferred a number of naval officers
to the army and most of these men have
been sent to the eastern theatre of war.The Belgian soldier, "I remarked to
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because they have lost every tangible thing
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Their bravery is magnificent. For instance,
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very gallant gentlemen."—A British Staff
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METABOLIZED
COD LIVER OIL
COMPOUNDmakes blood—lots of it—its
giving, brain-nourishing,
strength-replenishing blood.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

Price: \$1.25 and \$2.50

INTIMATIONS

AN OPERETTA
THE ENCHANTED
GLEN

will be given at the

FRENCH CONVENT

by the Children on

WEDNESDAY, March 17th

FRIDAY, March 19th

and

SATURDAY, March 20th

COMMENCING EACH DAY

at 4 p.m.

in Aid of the Victims of the

War.

Admission:—Children 30 cents.

Adults \$1.

NOTICE.

THE FAR EAST OXYGEN and
ACETYLENE Co., Ltd., beg to
advise their customers that Mr. BAILLY,
Civil Engineer and late technical manager
of their Singapore Branch, has taken
charge of the Hongkong Branch as technical
manager as from the 15th March. Mr.
BAILLY is an expert welder, trained at
Marseilles, and is able to undertake any
kind of welding and boiler repairs.THE FAR EAST OXYGEN &
ACETYLENE Co., Ltd.
A. H. THE SWELSH TRADING
COMPANY IN CHINA, (LTD.)
Agents.

Hongkong, March 16, 1915.

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THE HONGKONG AND KOWLOON

WHARF AND GODOWN

COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE SHARE CERTIFICATE No.
6013 for TWENTY (20) SHARES
numbered 58182/81, in the above Company
standing in the name of Mr. W. B. BROWN,
McLennan, having been reported lost,
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
unless the ORIGINAL CERTIFICATE
is produced within one month from date
hereof it will thereafter be held by the
Company as NULL AND VOID, and a
NEW CERTIFICATE for the said Shares
will be issued.W. B. BROWN,
Secretary.

Hongkong, March 10, 1915.

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NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE NESTLE AND ANGO-SWISS

CONDENSED MILK CO. have

moved from their old premises
Office to the First Floor, MARSHALL
BANK of LONDON Building, entrance by
Ice House Street.This dispropotion was probably four to
one against Germany, especially if the fact
that four Russian battleships would be
ready next spring was taken into consid-
eration.



Hughes and Hough
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT
AND ADMIRALTY.

General Auctioneers
AND
Share, Coal and
General Brokers.

PROPRIETORS
"TO-KWA-WAN"
COAL STORAGE.

Codes used
A.B.C. 4th & 5th Editions.
A1. TELEGRAPHIC CODE.

Telegraphic Address
MEIRION HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction.

on
FRIDAY,

the 19th March, 1915, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 2, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street.

A QUANTITY OF
VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND
BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, &c., &c.

As follows:—
Drawing Room Suite, Bedroom Suite, Dining Room Furniture, Arm-chairs and Chesterfield Sofa, Carpets and Rugs, Brass and Brass-mounted Bedsteads, Toilet Tables, Wardrobes, Washstands, &c., &c., Sideboards, Dinner Waggon, Extension Dining Table and Chairs, &c., &c., Dinner and Dessert Services, Crockery, Glass and E.P. Ware, Cooking Stove, Cutlery, &c., &c., &c.

Also
An assortment of Blackwood Furniture, Marble Clocks, Typewriters, &c., &c. (Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

TERMS:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, March 10, 1915.

G. R.
PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from THE REGISTRAR, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, to sell by Public Auction.

on
WEDNESDAY,

the 24th March, 1915, at 12 Noon, at No. 23, Morrison Hill Road, THE WHOLE OF THE

PLANT, MACHINERY, &c., &c., for the Manufacture of Boots and Shoes therein contained.

Full particulars and Inspecting Orders may be had from the Undersigned, or Messrs. EWENS & NEEDHAM.

Terms:—As usual.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers to the Government.
Hongkong, March 11, 1915.

JAPANESE MAKERS.

Every kind of Footwear.

MADE

TO

ORDER

CHERRY & CO.,

PEDDER STREET,

Opposite Hongkong Hotel

Telephone No. 491.

Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

SIEN TING.

Surgeon-Dentist

No. 14, D'ARVILLE STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE

Consultation.

If you have lost your spectacles, one of the best varieties of spectacles at the ALEXANDRA GAVE is sure to supply you.



This year
—the next
and—
the next—

and for years and years after that the "Johnnie Walker" now distilling will be in bond—gradually acquiring the perfection for which "Johnnie Walker" is famous.

Guaranteed same Quality throughout the World.

JOHNNIE WALKER

JOHNNIE WALKER "White" Label.

JOHNNIE WALKER "Red" Label.

JOHNNIE WALKER "Black" Label.

To safeguard these ages our policy for the future is the policy of the past. First and foremost to see that the margin of stocks over sales is always large enough to maintain our unique quality.

To be obtained from:
KAMP & CO. SHANGHAI.
PERKIN COOPER & CO. TIENTSIN.
THE HANKOW DISPENSARY LTD. HANKOW.
SIEMSEN & CO. CANTON AND HONG KONG.

C. J. JOHN WALKER & SONS LTD. Scotch Whisky Distillers, Kilmarnock, Scotland.

WAR PENSIONS.

HIGHER SCALES FOR DISABLED AND WIDOWS.

New Separation Grants.

As foreshadowed in The Daily Telegraph of Monday, (Feb. 1), the report of the House of Commons Select Committee on naval and military pensions and allowances was yesterday (Feb. 2), presented to Parliament. It will be recalled that the Committee was appointed on Nov. 18 last, in consequence of criticisms passed on certain details of the new pension scheme for sailors and soldiers made public in The White Paper issued on Nov. 9.

All parties are represented on the Committee, which consists of Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. Bonar Law, Mr. McKenna, Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Barnes, and Mr. T. P. O'Connor. The report now issued applies only to the lower ranks of the two services. Pensions for widows and dependents of officers will be dealt with in a further report.

Considerable advances are recommended in the scales of widows' pensions, disability pensions, and separation allowances. An important proposal is made with regard to the last, namely, that no difference should be made between wives married before or after enlistment.

Under the scale set out in The White Paper the widow of a sailor or soldier without children was to receive a weekly pension of 7s 6d, with a discretionary increase to 12s 6d in special circumstances, such as incapacity for work.

The Committee propose that the minimum pension for a widow without children shall be 10s a week, to be increased to 12s 6d at the age of 55, and to 15s at 65.

These additional payments take the place of the discretionary increases provided for in the original scheme.

Widows with children will continue to receive, as a week for the first child, but the rate for the second child is to be raised from 2s 6d to 3s 6d, and for subsequent children there will be a uniform rate of 2s.

Each motherless child, it is recommended, should receive 5s per week, the reduction to 4s for the fourth and each additional child being cancelled.

Thus the scales of widows' pensions proposed by the Committee compare as follows with those given in The White Paper:

White Committee's Paper. Proposals.

Without children 7s 6d 10s 0d

With one child 12s 6d 15s 0d

With two children 15s 0d 18s 0d

With three children 17s 6d 20s 0d

With four children 20s 0d 22s 0d

It is contemplated that widows with children shall receive more than the payments stated above if they are precluded in the case of children widows, namely, 2s 6d at 55 and 5s at 65. On this point, however, the report is not explicit.

For total disablement The White Paper provided a minimum weekly pension for sailors and soldiers of 12s, or 10s 6d if married with no children, up to a maximum of 25s, in addition to disability benefits under the National Insurance Act.

As all sailors and soldiers would not be eligible for disability benefit, the Committee propose that a pension of 25s should be given by the State, with the addition of 2s 6d for each child; insurance funds to be relieved of the disability charge of 5s per week, but remaining liable for other benefits.

Instead of partial disablement pensions ranging from 3s 6d to 17s 6d per week, the Committee recommend that such a sum should be granted as, with the wages which the man is judged capable of earning, will amount to 25s a week, but in no case less than 20s 6d a week for the loss of a limb.

WIDOWS' PENSIONS.

Separation allowances are to be increased by raising the grants for children as follows:

Sailor: First child from 2s 6d to 3s 6d; second child, from 2s 6d to 3s 6d. For subsequent children the amount will be 2s.

Sailor: First child, from 2s to 4s; second child, from 2s to 3s; third child, from 1s to 2s.

The scales given in The White Paper compare with the Committee's proposals as shown in the appended table. It should be noted that the allowances to soldiers' wives set out below include in each case an allotment of 3s 6d from the soldiers' pay, and that the allowances to sailors' wives are contingent upon such an allotment.

White Paper. Sailors' Salaries.

Wife and one child 12s 6d 15s 0d

Wife and two children 15s 0d 18s 0d

Wife and three children 17s 6d 20s 0d

Wife and four children 20s 0d 22s 0d

Wife and five children 22s 6d 25s 0d

Wife and six children 25s 0d 27s 6d

Wife and seven children 27s 6d 30s 0d

Wife and eight children 30s 0d 32s 6d

Wife and nine children 32s 6d 35s 0d

Wife and ten children 35s 0d 37s 6d

Wife and eleven children 37s 6d 40s 0d

Wife and twelve children 40s 0d 42s 6d

Wife and thirteen children 42s 6d 45s 0d

Wife and fourteen children 45s 0d 47s 6d

Wife and fifteen children 47s 6d 50s 0d

Wife and sixteen children 50s 0d 52s 6d

Wife and seventeen children 52s 6d 55s 0d

Wife and eighteen children 55s 0d 57s 6d

Wife and nineteen children 57s 6d 60s 0d

Wife and twenty children 60s 0d 62s 6d

Wife and twenty-one children 62s 6d 65s 0d

Wife and twenty-two children 65s 0d 67s 6d

Wife and twenty-three children 67s 6d 70s 0d

Wife and twenty-four children 70s 0d 72s 6d

Wife and twenty-five children 72s 6d 75s 0d

Wife and twenty-six children 75s 0d 77s 6d

Wife and twenty-seven children 77s 6d 80s 0d

Wife and twenty-eight children 80s 0d 82s 6d

Wife and twenty-nine children 82s 6d 85s 0d

Wife and thirty children 85s 0d 87s 6d

Wife and thirty-one children 87s 6d 90s 0d

Wife and thirty-two children 90s 0d 92s 6d

Wife and thirty-three children 92s 6d 95s 0d

Wife and thirty-four children 95s 0d 97s 6d

Wife and thirty-five children 97s 6d 100s 0d

Wife and thirty-six children 100s 0d 102s 6d

Wife and thirty-seven children 102s 6d 105s 0d

Wife and thirty-eight children 105s 0d 107s 6d

Wife and thirty-nine children 107s 6d 110s 0d

Wife and forty children 110s 0d 112s 6d

Wife and forty-one children 112s 6d 115s 0d

Wife and forty-two children 115s 0d 117s 6d

Wife and forty-three children 117s 6d 120s 0d

Wife and forty-four children 120s 0d 122s 6d

Wife and forty-five children 122s 6d 125s 0d

Wife and forty-six children 125s 0d 127s 6d

Wife and forty-seven children 127s 6d 130s 0d

Wife and forty-eight children 130s 0d 132s 6d

Wife and forty-nine children 132s 6d 135s 0d

Wife and fifty children 135s 0d 137s 6d

Wife and fifty-one children 137s 6d 140s 0d

Wife and fifty-two children 140s 0d 142s 6d

Wife and fifty-three children 142s 6d 145s 0d

Wife and fifty-four children 145s 0d 147s 6d

Wife and fifty-five children 147s 6d 150s 0d

Wife and fifty-six children 150s 0d 152s 6d

Wife and fifty-seven children 152s 6d 155s 0d

Wife and fifty-eight children 155s 0d 157s 6d

Wife and fifty-nine children 157s 6d 160s 0d

Wife and sixty children 160s 0d 162s 6d

Wife and sixty-one children 162s 6d 165s 0d

Wife and sixty-two children 165s 0d 167s 6d

Wife and sixty-three children 167s 6d 170s 0d

Wife and sixty-four children 170s 0d 172s 6d

Wife and sixty-five children 172s 6d 175s 0d

Wife and sixty-six children 175s 0d 177s 6d

Wife and sixty-seven children 177s 6d 180s 0d

Wife and sixty-eight children 180s 0d 182s 6d

Wife and sixty-nine children 182s 6d 185s 0d

Wife and seventy children 185s 0d 187s 6d

Wife and seventy-one children 187s 6d 190s 0d

Wife and seventy-two children 190s 0d 192s 6d

Wife and seventy-three children 192s 6d 195s 0d

Wife and seventy-four children 195s 0d 197s 6d

Wife and seventy-five children 197s 6d 200s 0d

Wife and seventy-six children 200s 0d 202s 6d

Wife and seventy-seven children 202s 6d 205s 0d

Wife and seventy-eight children 205s 0d 207s 6d

Wife and seventy-nine children 207s 6d 210s 0d

Wife and eighty children 210s 0d 212s 6d

Wife and eighty-one children 212s 6d 215s 0d

Wife and eighty-two children 215s 0d 217s 6d

Wife and eighty-three children 217s 6d 220s 0d

Wife and eighty-four children 220s 0d 222s 6d

Wife and eighty-five children 222s 6d 225s 0d

Wife and eighty-six children 225s 0d 227s 6d

Wife and eighty-seven children 227s 6d 230s 0d

Wife and eighty-eight children 230s 0d 232s 6d

Wife and eighty-nine children 232s 6d 235s 0d

Wife and ninety children 235s 0d 237s 6d

Wife and ninety-one children 237s 6d 240s 0d

Wife and ninety-two children 240s 0d 242s 6d

Wife and ninety-three children 242s 6d 245s 0d

Wife and ninety-four children 245s 0d 247s 6d

Wife and ninety-five children 247s 6d 250s 0d

Wife and ninety-six children 250s 0d 252s 6d

Wife and ninety-seven children 252s 6d 255s 0d

Wife and ninety-eight children 255s 0d 257s 6d

Wife and ninety-nine children 257s 6d 260s 0d

Wife and one hundred children 260s 0d 262s 6d

Wife and one hundred and one children 262s 6d 265s 0d

Wife and one hundred and two children 265s 0d 267s 6d

Wife and one hundred and three children 267s 6d 270s 0d

Wife and one hundred and four children 270s 0d 272s 6d

Wife and one hundred and five children 272s 6d 275s 0d

Wife and one hundred and six children 275s 0d 277s 6d

Wife and one hundred and seven children 277s 6d 280s 0d

Wife and one hundred and eight children 280s 0d 282s 6d

Wife and one hundred and nine children 282s 6d 285s 0d

Wife and one hundred and ten children 285s 0d 287s 6d

Wife and one hundred and eleven children 287s 6d 290s 0d

Wife and one hundred and twelve children 290s 0d 292s 6d

Wife and one hundred and thirteen children 292s 6d 295s 0d

Wife and one hundred and fourteen children 295s 0d 297s 6d

Wife and one hundred and fifteen children 297s 6d 300s 0d

Wife and one hundred and sixteen children 300s 0d 302s 6d

Wife and one hundred and seventeen children 302s 6d 305s 0d

Wife and one hundred and eighteen children 305s 0d 307s 6d

Wife and one hundred and nineteen children 307s 6d 310s 0d

Wife and one hundred and twenty children 310s 0d 312s 6d

Wife and one hundred and twenty-one children 312s 6d 315s 0d

Wife and one hundred and twenty-two children 315s 0d 317s 6d

Wife and one hundred and twenty-three children 317s 6d 320s 0d

Wife and one hundred and twenty-four children 320s 0d 322s 6d

**WATSON'S
CARBOLIC TOOTH POWDER**

Pleasant to use, CLEANSING and POWERFULLY ANTISEPTIC. Destroys disease germs which invade the mouth, and so PREVENTS GUM DISEASE and DENTAL DECAY.

Price 40 Cents Per Large Tin.

**WATSON'S
PURE CARBOLIC SOAPS**

Highly recommended by the Medical Profession for the Bath and Toilet. In three strengths: 20 per cent., 40 per cent., and 5 per cent.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS and PERFUMERS.
BY APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

WM. Powell
LTD.

TELEPHONE 316

Gentlemen's
Department

SHOWING THE LATEST

HIGH-CLASS

SHIRTS

FOR

SPRING WEAR

WM. POWELL, LTD.

Des Vaux Road Central.

THE DIARY.**MEMO. FOR TO-MORROW.**

12.30 p.m.—H.K. Fire Insurance Co's. Meeting.

General Memoranda.

FRIDAY, March 12 & SAT. March 13:—
4 p.m.—Charity Performance at the French Convent.

FRIDAY, March 12:—
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Tenwood and Blackwood Furniture etc., at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

SATURDAY, March 20:—
Entries close for H.K. Cricket Club Tennis Tournament.

TUESDAY, March 23:—
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Tenwood and Blackwood Furniture etc., at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

WEDNESDAY, March 24:—
Noon.—Auction of Plant and Machinery for making Boots and Shoes, at N. 23, Morrison Hill Road.

Noon.—China Sugar Refining Co's. Meeting.

12.15 p.m.—Luncheon Sugar Refining Co's. Meeting.

THURSDAY, March 25:—
Lady Day.
No. 2.—China Fire Ins. Co's. Meeting.

WEDNESDAY, March 31:—
11 a.m.—Drawing of Debentures at Hongkong Club.

THE EDWARD DISPENSARY.

C. KAMMING & Co., Ltd.
Chemists and Druggists.

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICES.

PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY DISPENSED.

Patent Drugs, Patent Medicines, &c.

2A, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.
Hongkong, July 25, 1913.

The China Mail

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, March 17, 1915.

LORD KITCHENER'S STATEMENT.

THE little speech delivered in the House of Lords on Monday by the Secretary of State for War is characteristically brief, but it is, nevertheless—particularly coming from so authoritative a source—of the utmost importance and in every respect very encouraging. His Lordship is evidently satisfied with the present aspect of the situation at the front, and pays a warm tribute to the excellent work which is being accomplished by the various branches. As is pointed out in the statement, "many weeks of trench-fighting have not affected the morale of our troops," which shows the wonderful spirit with which the British soldier has entered upon the war and continues to engage in it with a perseverance and determination that knows no diminishing. Well may our greatest soldier eulogise the work of "Tommy," for he has not, along with his comrades of the other Allied armies, followed the lead of his gallant officers at whatever cost and with a pertinacity that has astounded the world? The German Army, with its many imperfections, was nevertheless a machine that had been prepared for quarter of a century to advance and crush France and check Russia. Everything possible towards the accomplishment of the undertaking was at the disposal of the Kaiser's millions and they were by no means lacking in confidence as to their ability to attain their object. Their progress was checked, and they were compelled to retreat and for months since then they have much more frequently adopted the defensive than the offensive. Such is the position in which the Kaiser's "invincible" army finds itself to-day, and that position is, of course, largely due to the splendid spirit, embodied by Lord Kitchener, prevailing among the soldiers and which will certainly prevail until the conclusion of the war has brought with it complete victory for the Allies. Lord Kitchener also had a word of praise for the splendid work that is being accomplished by our loyal Indian troops. Reference was also made to the fact that on the Eastern front the German attacks are well held off and have been driven back. The enemy it has been amply demonstrated, has found more than in his arrogance he bargained for in his conflict with the Russians as in his gradual defeat on the western front. As to what is taking place in the Dardanelles, his Lordship gave it as his opinion that "the matter was well in hand," and stated that the operations likewise showed the great power of the Allies. The opportunity was also taken by Lord Kitchener to congratulate the medical staff of our Army for the excellent work they were accomplishing in preserving the health of the army. A warm tribute was also paid to the French soldier for the magnificent work he is performing. Lord Kitchener pointed out the progress being made by the gallant armies of France, referring especially to the arduous deeds that they had done in the region of Champagne. Before concluding his statement, his Lordship referred to

a matter which had been causing him serious anxiety, namely, the supply of an adequate amount of war material. This is a matter of the utmost importance, and one which may be safely left to the care of the War Office. Lord Kitchener's statement that "the Government is considering an arrangement whereby the armament firms would come under Government control" is further assurance that the question is being dealt with without delay and in a very thorough manner. As we have stated, there is much in Lord Kitchener's statement that may well cause us to continue to look forward to further successes by the Allies and ultimately to complete victory.

CARMENTS FOR THE TROOPS.

Lady May wishes to inform the ladies who are working for the troops at the Front that "Mr. Lau Lin Young has most generously sent her 100 lbs. of wool to be made into socks and balalaeva caps, etc., and anyone who is anxious to work, should call at Government House, on Friday, the 19th inst., between 11 and 12 to fetch materials.

The following letter has been received in answer to a box containing 132 woolen and flannel garments made by the women of Hongkong, which was taken home by Mrs. Grant, wife of the Captain of H.M.S. "Hampshire," for her husband's men.

H.M.S. "Hampshire,"
6th February, 1915.

Dear Lady May,
I have just heard from my wife that she is bringing home a large collection of warm clothing which you have collected for my men.

I cannot say how grateful we all are for your kindness and I am sure they will all appreciate it more than anything coming as it does from Hongkong.

With all good wishes and again heartiest thanks from the "Hampshire" to all who helped.

Yours sincerely,
H. W. GRANT.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

There are five cases for trial at the March Criminal Sessions, which open in the Supreme Court at 10 a.m. to-morrow:

Chan Kwai Hing and Li Sun, robbery by two or more; wounding.

Chan Kwai Hing and Li Sun, robbery by two or more.

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IMPORTANT HARBOUR NOTICE.

The following notification appears in a Hongkong Government Gazette Extraordinary published to-day:

HARBOUR MASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

With reference to Government Notification No. 236 of the 3rd August, 1914, the following modification of Part III of the Public Health Regulations for the port of Hongkong is published for general information:

VESSELS LEAVING THE PORT.

Until further notice Merchant Vessels will be permitted to leave the Port at any time by day or night under the following conditions:

(1) Application must be made to the Officer in charge of the Examination Service, H. M. Dockyard, through the Colonial Harbour Master at the Harbour Office.

(2) Masters must state when applying whether they wish to leave by day or night.

(3) Application must be made between the hours of 9 a.m. and 4.45 p.m.

(4) In-tickets, as to what signal will be given to the Master together with a written pass signed by the Officer in charge of the Examination Service. Without this pass no vessel is to attempt to leave.

(5) Vessels must leave during the period of official day or official night for which the pass was issued, otherwise a fresh pass must be secured.

(6) Vessels wishing to leave by night must provide themselves with two red and two white lights.

(7) Should the Senior Naval Officer consider it advisable to slow the Port to outgoing craft by night, three red lights at blackhead Hill will indicate Eastern Entrance closed, three red lights at Harbour Office Western Entrance closed.

By day three red lights will be hoisted at the Harbour Office.

(8) A limited number of monthly passes permitting launches and pleasure craft to leave the harbour will be issued. They may be obtained under the same conditions as at present, viz. from the Officer in charge of the Examination Service through the Colonial Harbour Master with the permission of the Harbour Master.

These passes will be renewable on the first of each month.

Special arrangements will be made in case of yacht races on application to the Officer in charge of the Examination Service.

DANIEL TAYLOR, Commander, R.N., Harbour Master, &c.

17th March, 1915.

NEWS OF THE DAY.**LOCAL AND GENERAL.**

The London "Daily Telegraph" is shilling fund amounted to 2,748,308 (£137,415.8.0) shillings by Feb. 8.

The National Relief Fund (Prince of Wales) according to the London "Daily Telegraph" of Feb. 8, has reached £4,583,800.7.

A white metal table clock, valued at \$5, the property of Miss Maher, is reported to have been stolen from a bedroom at 5 Pender's Hill.

The Chinese who was charged by Mr. Noronha, printer, for stealing a quantity of lead type was sentenced to a month's imprisonment by Mr. Wood this morning.

The charge against F. C. Castlemaire, of fraudulently incurring a debt on the Astor House Hotel was adjourned to-day until Saturday as Mr. Gardiner for the defence had business in the Summary Court.

The military station school at Nanyang granted flying diplomas to thirty-three students at its first examination a few days ago. The school is equipped with twelve biplanes and two monoplanes, one of which is Chinese built.

The motor-bus "Volunteer," built by Ah King for Capt. D. A. Lukhmannoff, to the owner's design, was launched yesterday by Miss Kenna Lukhmannoff, Capt. and Mrs. Lukhmannoff, the Russian Consul, Mr. D'Ostingon, the Swedish Consul, Mr. Nilsson, and Mr. G. A. Tidball of the Russo-Asiatic Bank were among those who witnessed the ceremony.

The Admiralty has announced that Captain Property, of the Blue Funnel steamer "Laurie," which was recently sunk, was an attack by a German submarine, has been gazetted a Lieutenant of the Royal Naval Reserve, and will receive the Distinguished Service Cross. Each officer of the ship is to be presented with a gold watch, and the members of the crew with 23 pence.

Mr. and Mrs. Ho Kom Tong entertained a number of friends last night at their residence, Komtong Hall, Lower Castle Road, to a farewell dinner in honour of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Seth, who are shortly leaving for home on holiday. Twenty-two people sat down to a sumptuous repast served in Chinese style, after which the guests were shown over Mr. Ho Kom Tong's palatial mansion. The party had to depart rather early as several of the guests were due by half past eleven at the German Club.

A Chinese boy, who described himself as a hawker's assistant, was charged before Mr. Wood this morning with stealing a child's bangle valued at \$3. When charged at the Station, the defendant said that an old woman, whose name he did not know, asked him to steal the bangle and he did so. The woman afterwards told him to take it to a goldsmith for \$3 and handed him \$1.50.

The evidence showed that the defendant took the bangle from off a child's wrist when the child was playing outside his door in Wa On Lane, Aberdeen Street.

Mr. Wood ordered 10 birch strokes to be administered.

THE "RECORD" OPIUM HAUL.**FURTHER PROCEEDINGS.**

The opium case, in which half a ton of the drug was dug out from the coal bunkers of the Blue Funnel s.s. "Teucer," again occupied the attention of Mr. Hazeland this morning. Fifteen Chinese firemen of the vessel were in possession of the drug. They were represented by Mr. Davidson.

The analyst's certificate showed that there were 1,840 taels of prepared opium valued at \$15,300 and 1,000 pounds of raw opium valued at \$10,000.

At the Magistrate's court this morning, Detective-Sergeant Pincott said that at 12.30 a.m. on the 10th inst. he boarded the "Teucer" lying at Messrs. Holt's wharf. The Chief Engineer, Mr. Brown, took him into the lower starboard bunkers and showed him a number of tins, one of which he opened and discovered opium. The tins were concealed by bags. In consequence of a statement made by a Chinese, witness arrested the defendants. He engaged a number of coolies and turned over the coal and found in all 76 tins, all containing opium. Witness produced the Monopoly Analyst's certificate.

Answering Mr. Davidson, witness said that since the last hearing the tin had been kept in the opium strong room.

The No. 1 fireman of the s.s. "Teucer" said the vessel cleared at London and Liverpool for Penang, Singapore and Hongkong, and that the tins were put on board at Liverpool. He did not see them shipped. He first saw the tins at Penang and they were then in the starboard bunker. Only 40 tons of coal reached Penang and that was how he happened to make the discovery. He told the defendants to throw the tins overboard. All of them said "No can" and refused. He took this step because he was afraid that if the Chief Engineer heard of it he (witness) would get into trouble. He had lent money to all the defendants and was afraid on discovery that there would be no pay. He made no report at Hongkong but he identified the 15 defendants. He knew by their smell that the tins contained opium.

Mr. Davidson remarked that he would like to smell a closed tin.

Witness denied to Mr. Davidson that he was "in the swim."

Inspector Kerr produced the statement book which contained 60 statements taken from the defendants on four charges.

Mr. Davidson observed there was no evidence against six of the defendants. The case against another three was the slenderest possible, while the remainder admitted that they had a share. The eleventh defendant, in his statement incriminated the No. 1 fireman.

Mr. Hazeland discharged the six defendants against whom there was no evidence and said he would give his decision regarding the remainder on Friday.

HIDDEN GERMAN MONEY AT TIENTSING.

Mr. Norihari Saito, a translator in the War Office, who was recently sent to Tientsing to examine the accounts of the Deutsch-Asiatische Bank and to look into affairs relating to the construction of the German railways in Shantung, arrived at Kobe on his way to Tokyo.

In the course of conversation with a representative of the "Mainichi" Mr. Saito stated that as a result of his examination of the accounts of the German bank and of the German Government funds, it was discovered that ¥1,514,000 in cash had been concealed in an underground vault of the German Civil Administration Office. Indisputable evidence having been discovered to show that the money belonged to the German Government, the money was confiscated without awaiting instruction from the War Office.

In the office of the Deutsch-Asiatische Bank a sum of ¥800,000 in cash was found. The manager of the bank stated that this money was the reserve against notes issued by the bank, but his explanations were not accepted as accurate. The military authorities in Tientsing thought the money in question should be confiscated, because the Deutsch-Asiatische Bank was in the service of the German Government at Tientsing and ¥1,000,000 was advanced to the bank out of the war fund of the Tientsing Government, though in the opinion of Mr. Saito, these reasons are insufficient to themselves as grounds for confiscation.

—S. C. Daily News.

N. Y. K. EUROPEAN SERVICE.

Falmouth The Terminus For The Present.

Owing to the danger of attack by German submarines the N. Y. K. European lines will land their passengers at Falmouth, in Cornwall, instead of London, for the time being. Already the N.Y.K. liner Kitano Maru has gone direct to Falmouth, instead of London, to land passengers. Apart from the fact that the Straits of Dover are dangerous for the loading and unloading of general cargo at the London docks is very difficult on account of the number of transports, as forty are entering daily. For the present cargo may be still taken to London instead of Falmouth, but in case the danger in the Channel is enhanced the N.Y.K. boats will unload at Falmouth, and the cargo will be sent by rail to London.

Two Japanese have been living at Nagasaki while sleeping on board the steamer Glenloch, which arrived at the port with a fire in one of her holds. Three men were overcome by fumes, but one recovered.

SPORTING.**THE LADIES' RIFLE CLUB.**

The members of the Ladies' Rifle Club commenced their annual shooting competition at the Bowen Road Miniature Range this morning.

Below we give the scores for two of the competitions:

COMP. 1.—25 YARDS SCRAMBLE.	
Mrs. Danby	97
Mrs. Loureim	93
Mrs. Hockyn	93
Mrs. Ralphs	94
Mrs. Griffith	85
Mrs. Groves	75
Mrs. Wilkinson	72
Mrs. E. Woodcock	68
Mrs. Walsman	64
Mrs. Anderson	63
Mrs. Foreyth	61
Mrs. Olivecrans	57

COMP. 2.—25 YARDS HANDICAP.	
Mrs. Lammert	75+30=100
Mrs. Scott Hamilton	81+15=96
Mrs. Loureim	95 ser. 05
Mrs. Danby	94 ser. 04
Mrs. Wilkinson	77+15=92
Mrs. Murray Scott	87+5=92
Mrs. Griffin	90+2=92
Mrs. Walsman	83+8=91
Mrs. Ralphs	85+6=91
Mrs. Hockyn	90 ser. 90
Mrs. E. Woodcock	84+5=89
Mrs. Groves	79+9=88
Mrs. Anderson	71+6=77
Mrs. Foreyth	60+11=71
Mrs. Olivecrans	22+30=52

THE WATERLOO CUP.

It is stated that Dilwyn will not run for the Waterloo Cup, last year's winner having broken down in training.

BILLIARDS.**The London Tournament.**

With Newman's second victory over Rees at the Borough Hall on Saturday (Feb. 6) the London Tournament was concluded, first prize going to W. Smith, of Darlington, and second honour to Newman.

The complete results in the tournament are as follow:			
	Played.	Won.	Lost.
Smith	10	9	1
Newman	10	8	2
Stevenson	10	5	5
Gray	10	4	6
Rees	10	3	7
Diggle	10	1	9

CANADIAN BRIDGE OUTRAGE.

MACHES (Maine), Feb. 6. Werner von Horn, the German who attempted to blow up the Vanceboro railway bridge, began last night to serve his sentence of thirty days imprisonment for damaging property in Vanceboro. Extra guards surround the goal to prevent possible attempts at rescue.

HOME FOOTBALL RESULTS.**F.A. Cup Second Round.—Replays.**

Swansea Town..... 0 Newcastle United..... 2
Birmingham..... 3 Brighton & H.A..... 0
Millwall Ath..... 2 Bolton Wanderers..... 2
* After extra time.

The League.—Division 1.

Bradford City..... 1	Sheffield United..... 0
Bury..... 1	Middlesbrough..... 0
Cardiff City..... 1	Swindon Town..... 1
Everton..... 1	Liverpool..... 1
Manchester City..... 1	Blackburn R..... 3
Sheffield Wed..... 2	Oldham Athletic..... 0
Sunderland..... 1	Manchester Utd..... 0
West Brom Albion..... 1	Bradford..... 0

DIVISION II.

The Arsenal..... 2	Leeds City..... 0
Blackpool..... 5	Clapton Orient..... 0
Bristol City..... 3	Swansea..... 1
Bury..... 3	Leicester Forest..... 1
Grimsby Town..... 1	Wolverhampton..... 4
Huddersfield..... 0	Glossop..... 0
Lincoln City..... 2	Stockport County..... 2
Preston N. End..... 2	Mottingham..... 2
Derby County..... 4	Hull City..... 1

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Gillingham..... 3	Portsmouth..... 1
Cardiff City..... 1	Exeter City..... 0
Norwich City..... 1	Swindon Town..... 1
West Ham United..... 3	Southend United..... 1
Plymouth Argyle..... 1	Queen's Park R.....

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

THE BRITISH RECAPTURE ST. LOI.

GERMANS CALCULATED TO HAVE LOST 17,000 IN RECENT ATTACKS.

RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE CONTINUES SUCCESSFULLY.

GERMAN CRUISER "DRESDEN" CAUGHT AND SUNK.

SAINT LOI RETAKEN BY THE BRITISH.

A Paris communiqué states that the British Army has consolidated its gains. The British troops, having retaken Saint Lo, also captured trenches to the south-west of the village and compelled the enemy to evacuate other trenches to the south-east which were completely demolished by the artillery.

The French made fresh progress north-east of Souain, and recaptured the remainder of the trenches at Bois le Pretre. The Germans took a trench at Reichenkerke, but the French re-took it and captured some prisoners.

BULLETIN FROM FIELD MARSHAL FRENCH.

GERMANS LOSE 17,000 IN RECENT ATTACKS.

Field Marshal Sir John French, in his latest bulletin, states that the line we captured to the east of Neuve Chapelle has been consolidated and held despite repeated counter-attacks; and that judging by the number of dead Germans counted on the ground the enemy loss cannot be less than 17,000.

FIGHTING IN SNOW WAIST-DEEP.

Russians Take 2,000 Prisoners.

A Petrograd communiqué states:—The Russians dislodged the Germans at some advanced posts on the River Niemen. The Russian offensive continues successfully on both banks of the Orze. A battle is developing in Galicia east of the railway at Stanislaw and Kolomyia, where the Russian infantry, advancing in snow to their waists, captured the enemy's positions and 2,000 prisoners.

The Russians besieging Przemyel have occupied the heights commanding the inner fort.

FURTHER ENEMY ATTACKS REPULSED.

The Paris evening communiqué states that an attempt by the enemy to recapture trenches which they had lost on the spur at Lorette was repulsed. The French exploded a mine in the region of Perthes and held the cavity made. After a sharp fight, progress was made north of Beau Sejour. Counter-attacks by the Germans on Monday night, between Four de Paris, Bolante, Vanquois and Bois le Pretre were repulsed.

THE STRUGGLE IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM.

THE ALLIES MAKING GOOD PROGRESS.

The Paris evening communiqué states:—There have been numerous actions in our favour to-day. Our artillery in the vicinity of Lombardzie effectively bombarded the enemy's works.

The British south of Ypres, whom a German attack yesterday compelled to retire beyond St. Lo, have recaptured that village and almost all the adjoining trenches, despite several counter-attacks.

By a brilliant attack our infantry, north of Arras, captured simultaneously three lines of trenches on the spur of Notre Dame Lorette, and reached the edge of the plateau. We took a hundred prisoners.

Further south, in the region of Roisinourt, near the Lille road, we exploded several trenches.

The Germans mined an occupied trench at Carnoy, in the region of Albert, but were driven out.

We made fresh progress in the Champagne woods, north-east of Souain, and north-west of Perthes. We also repulsed two counter-attacks north-east of Mesnil.

There was great activity in Argeonne. Two German counter-attacks in the region of Lagelle were repulsed, and a German block-house was demolished.

Two enemy counter-attacks between Four-de-Paris and Bolante failed.

Our infantry captured the western part of the village of Vanquois, taking numerous prisoners.

The Germans mined and destroyed four advanced trenches at Bois-le-Prete, north-west of Pontamousson, but we recaptured two and a half of the trenches.

ON THE EASTERN FRONT.

GERMAN COUNTER-ATTACKS EVERYWHERE REPULSED.

A Petrograd communiqué states:—On the whole front in the region of Przemyel, from the Mlava railway to the Orze River and the left bank of the river, we have progressed fighting all the way. The German counter-attacks were everywhere repulsed.

Our guns at Osowiec wrecked several siege batteries of a heavy calibre installed within range of the fortress.

In the Carpathians, the Russian attacks at Baligrad, and a German attack on hill 922, near Koziozka, were repulsed.

We defeated the enemy in the region northward of Obertyn.

There has been an artillery duel at Przemyel.

BY TELEGRAPH.

STATEMENT BY LORD KITCHENER.

A GRATIFYING REVIEW OF THE OPERATIONS.

The Supply Of War Material.

LONDON, Mar. 15, 7 p.m.

In the House of Lords, Lord Kitchener, in the course of a brief statement, said that many weeks of trench fighting had not affected the morale of our troops. The fighting at Neuve Chapelle and Epinette showed how successful we were able to take the offensive. He paid a tribute to the gallantry of the Indians, and quoted a congratulatory message which Field-Marshal Sir John French had asked him to transmit to the Viceroy. The health of the troops was remarkably good, which was a striking testimony to inoculation and the skill of the medical staff.

Lord Kitchener pointed out the progress which had been made by the French armies, especially in Champagne, and warmly eulogised the French soldier. He affirmed that the German attacks on the eastern front were either well held or driven back, and the operations in the Dardanelles showed the great power of the allied fleets. He could not say more at present, but the House might be assured that the matter was well in hand.

Lord Kitchener then dealt with the question of the adequate supply of war material at the present time and for the next two or three months, remarking, "this is causing me serious anxiety." It was absolutely essential, he added, that the arrears in the delivery of supplies should be wiped out, because the output of every round of ammunition was of the utmost importance. He concluded by stating that the Government was considering an arrangement whereby the armament firms would come under Government control, and the employees would reap some of the benefits which the war automatically brought to the firms.

GERMAN CRUISER CAPTURED.

THE "DRESDEN" SUNK IN FIVE MINUTES.

LONDON, Mar. 15, 8.55 p.m.

The Official Press Bureau announces that at nine o'clock yesterday morning the Glasgow, Kent and Orinca caught the German cruiser Dresden near the Juan Fernandez Islands (400 miles from Valparaiso), and that after a five minutes action the Dresden hauled down her colours and displayed the white flag.

The Dresden was much damaged and was afire. The magazines afterwards exploded and the vessel sank. The crew were saved. Fifteen badly wounded Germans were landed at Valparaiso.

There were no British casualties, and none of the British vessels sustained damage.

[The "Dresden" was of 3,544 tons displacement, built and completed at Hamburg in 1908. Her armament consisted of 12 4.1-in. and 4 in. with two torpedo tubes. She cost £234,000, had a complement of 348 and was capable of developing a speed of 27 knots. The "Dresden" will be remanned, was the cruiser which escaped from the Falkland fight, when Admiral Sturdee's Squadron completely defeated the "Scharnhorst," "Gneisenau," "Nürnberg" and "Leipzig."—Ed.]

WOUNDED PRISONERS OF WAR.

PROPOSALS TO INTERN THEM IN SWITZERLAND.

LONDON, Mar. 15, 5.20 p.m.

In the House of Commons, the Hon. Neil Primrose, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, announced that the Government was considering the question of proposing that wounded prisoners of war should be interned in Switzerland.

Negotiations for a similar arrangement were proceeding between France and Germany.

KILLED ON THE BATTLEFIELD.

LONDON, Mar. 15.

Second Lieutenant Cyril Austin, of the West Surrey Regiment, and 10th inst.

VIOLENT COUNTER-ATTACK REPULSED BY THE BRITISH.

LONDON, Mar. 15, 4.25 p.m.

To-day's Paris communiqué states:—There is no change to report at Neuve Chapelle. The enemy made a third most violent counter-attack in an attempt to re-take the lost trenches between Four-de-Paris and Bolante, but were repulsed as previously.

NAVAL OFFICER'S STORY OF THE NORTH SEA BATTLE.

"A Glorious Fight."

An officer on the Meteor, the destroyer which sustained more damage in the recent North Sea battle, supplies a wonderfully vivid account of the great fight. The narrative appears in the Liverpool Daily Post, in which the officer states that prisoners from the Blücher declared that the second salvo from the Lion carried away their bridge, killing three officers. Explaining, he says:—

The battle was raging with terrible fierceness now, and shortly after ten o'clock a lucky shot hit the Lion on the port side forward, for the whole German squadron had concentrated their fire on her, with just an occasional salvo for the Meteor, which the Lion and cover her. So we again increased speed and drew level with the Admiral, and this placed us directly in the centre of the two lines, the salvo from both squadrons continuing to pass over us. What a terrible time we experienced then! It was simply "Hell." No other word will describe it, and how we survived it is impossible to say.

We were absolutely in the line of fire, shells whistling over and all around us, and now again an enemy's broadside aimed directly at us. Try and imagine a frail destroyer, steaming thirty knots, with four battle-cruisers on either side belching forth flames and smoke continually, the scorch of the projectiles flying overhead, the roar of the very air into ribbons, 12 in. shells dropping perilously near and raising columns of water 100 ft into the air, a whole army, the spray washing our deck and drenching all hands. Picture the awful crashing noise, the explosion of shells as they struck, the massive tongues of fire shooting up, and the dense clouds of yellow and black smoke which obliterated a ship from view as the shells burst on striking. And this, if you can imagine as shots look effect, the massive tongues of fire shooting up, and the dense clouds of yellow and black smoke which obliterated a ship from view as the shells burst on striking. And this, if you can imagine as shots look effect, the massive tongues of fire shooting up, and the dense clouds of yellow and black smoke which obliterated a ship from view as the shells burst on striking.

It was a glorious fight. They tried their very utmost to get away, but never took any part in the action, superior tactics compelled their battle-cruisers to an engagement. I think I can safely say that the Seydlitz, Dürstener, and Von Moltke will not make another appearance for some considerable time; if indeed, they are not almost beyond repair, for at before has there been a naval battle to equal in intensity. A battle which raged for four hours between ships of such enormous size and destructive qualities, steaming at thirty knots the whole time, and with air-craft and submarines taking part, is most certainly without parallel in the history of the world.

A RAGING PURSUE.

We had already been hit a couple of times, but without doing any material damage, and half of us missed death by inches; but it seemed that we possessed a charmed life. She (the Blücher) fell out of the line, a raging furnace amidships, helpless, unable to steam; and her sister ship left her to her fate. The battle going on, she had undergone was something in the nature of a

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

JAPANESE DEMANDS FROM CHINA.

QUESTIONS IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

LONDON, March 15, 1 a.m.

In the House of Commons, the question was asked as to whether the Chinese railways for which Japan had asked concessions would be managed by China or whether they would be completely Foreign in all respects.

The Hon. Neil Primrose, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said that he was unable to forecast the outcome of the China-Japanese negotiations and that he believed that the Japanese demands against the Yangtze would not conflict with the Yangtze agreement.

THE WELSH CHURCH BILL.

EFFECT OF THE WAR.

LONDON, Mar. 15, 8.35 p.m.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Lloyd George, answering Welsh criticisms on the postponement of the Welsh Church Bill, emphasised that powerful opponents of the Bill were at the front, and if the war ended on September 30th, they could not attend the House of Commons on October 1st, when important matters would arise. He said that the words "conclusion of the war" involved the occupation and the time for the settlement. How long occupation took depended on the extent of the victory. These Churchmen would probably not be able to return from the front for at least six months after the war was over.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, March 15.

The death is announced of Mr. Walter Crane, R.W.S. painter, Socialist, writer and lecturer, aged seventy years.

(Wah Tei Yai Po's Service.)

BANK OF CHINA PROVINCIAL SUPERINTENDENTS.

PEKING, March 15.

Chow Hek, the Minister of the Financial Department, has asked that the superintendents of the branches of the Bank of China in the Provinces be changed.

COMMERCIAL REFORM.

The Government has decided to institute a commercial reform with reference to certain taxes; by a land levying tax, reducing the export tax and also to reform the tax on manufactured articles.

PRESIDENTIAL MANDATES.

Mandates appoint Fung Kwak Fan superintendent of the Kamlung customs and Kong Ning as a diplomatic officer, confirms the rank of Colonel on Yuen Chai Kwong and on Tse Tsoi for effectively suppressing the bandits in Kwongtung; promulgates an official system of Citizen's Assembly Affairs Department; and delegates Chu Sai Cheung to attend the worship of Confucius.

SPECIAL POLICE.

General Order (No. 3).

The following appointments are made:—H. A. Lammer to be Sergeant (to date from 1st inst.)

P. C. Mow Fung to be Sergeant (to date from 1st inst.)

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Corps Orders by Lieut.-Col. A. Chapman, V.D.

The under-mentioned having joined the Corps are posted as follows:—Pte. A. David to Scouts Company.

Pte. T. O. Wilkin to Left Section M.G. Company.

The under-mentioned are granted leave of absence as follows:—Pte. B. H. Whittall from 17th March, 1915, to 17th May, 1915.

Sapper W. G. Clark from 1st April, 1915, to 1st December, 1915.

O.C.s are reminded that the weekly state is required at the Orderly Room not later than 6 p.m. to-morrow.

Parades for Thursday, 19th instant:—5 p.m.—Signalling Section—Musketry Instruction on Kennedy Road Range. Corp'l. Grimes, R.E., will attend.

5.15 p.m.—No. 2 Section Artillery—10 p.m. drill at Headquarters. High Section M.G. Co., Centre Section M.G. Co., and Civil Service Company—Aiming drill and Musketry Exercises, under Company Commanders, on Cricket Ground.

Reminders, all.

On duty at Volunteer Headquarters and Mount Austin Barracks: H.K.V.B.

"TIGER PHOTOGRAPHS."

A CHARGE OF "FRAUDULENT SELLING."

Mr. Chung, photographer, Beaconsfield Arcade summoned Choi Cheong, described as a partner in the Great Eastern Photo Studio, Des Vaux Road, for "fraudulently selling photos of the tiger hearing the name of the defendant firm, when the defendant did not make such work."

Mr. Shenton appeared on behalf of the prosecutor and Mr. Davidson represented the defendant, who pleaded not guilty.

Over 400 copies of the photograph of the tiger, said Mr. Shenton, had been sold by defendant at 40 cents each. He and the prosecutor had actually bought some.

Mr. Davidson said he was prepared to give an undertaking that no further photographs would be sold until the case was decided. At the same time the defence held they were perfectly entitled to go on selling the photographs if they liked.

Mr. Shenton asked for an early hearing and the case was adjourned until to-morrow morning.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER RESERVE.

Orders by Major Walsman, O.C.H.K.V.R.

Hongkong, 15th March, 1915.

A B and C Companies (with the exception of the members detailed for Musketry) will parade on the Cricket Ground at 8.30 a.m. on Sunday, March 21st, for a half day's field training. This parade will only be compulsory for members who have not done field-firing either during the Stencillers Camp or on the 7th inst. Dress marching order but without water bottles or haversacks. Recruit drills will be held on the Cricket Ground at 5.15 p.m. to-day, to-morrow and on Monday, March 22nd. Parades for the Sections on duty as ordered by the O.C.s. Guards.

MAIN AND PEAK GUARDS.

The Sections on duty will be relieved by the H.K.V.C. at 7 a.m. on Saturday, March 20th.

MUSKETRY.

The following members are ordered to attend at the King's Park Range punctually either at 2.30 on Saturday, March 20th, or at 8.30 a.m. on Sunday, March 21st, for the purpose of firing the Standard Test (Recruits course):—A. O. Lang, H. Hancock, A. C. Little, E. A. Bam, J. O. Shephard, J. M. Gordon, E. H. Summers, H. Tobias, J. E. Joseph, W. B. A. Moore, F. T. Chapple, J. E. Raymond, P. D. L. Bowley, C. G. Alabaster, N. Davidson, W. H. Ford, Oliver, J. J. Stubbins, J. Waldron, C. F. Howell, H. Macfarlane, S. Gray, S. G. Newall, W. M. Johnston, C. C. Hickling, R. Jones, H. E. Goldsmith, W. Stenhouse, J. McEubbin, F. Howard and Dr. Mitchell.

Pte. G. H. M. Bannerman to be Corporal.

Corpl. Bannerman to Co. C, Section 4.

When using blank ammunition single loading only must be practiced. It is dangerous to change and load from the magazine.

To-day's Advertisements

TO LET FURNISHED.

FLAT in Queen's Gardens.

Apply to—

PERCY SMITH, SETH & FLEMING.

Hongkong, March 17, 1915. 243

TO LET.

NO. 2, "ROSE TERRACE" Nathan Road, Kowloon.

Apply to—

SPANISH DOMINICAN PROCUSSION.

Hongkong, March 17, 1915. 243

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held in the Office of the Company, 3 Queen's Buildings, Cananagh Road, Hongkong, on WEDNESDAY, 31st March, at 11 o'clock A.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1914.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd to 31st March, 1915, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

GEO. A. CALDWELL, Secretary.

Hongkong, March 17, 1915.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to Sell by Public Auction,

on

TUESDAY,

the 23rd March, 1915, commencing at 2.30 p.m. at their SALES ROOMS, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street.

A QUANTITY OF

VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, etc., etc.

As follows:—

TEAKWOOD.—Drawing Room Suite, Bedroom Suite, Dining Room Furniture, Arm-chairs and Chesterfield Sofa, Glass and Brass, Brass and Brass-mounted Bedsteads, Toilet Tables, Washbasins, Washstands, etc., etc.

Waggon, Extension Dining Table and Chairs, etc., etc., Dinner and Dessert Service, Crockery, Glass and E.P. Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, etc., etc.

Also

An assortment of Blackwood Furniture, Two Pianos, One Miller's Safe, and a Benington Typewriter.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers.

Hongkong, March 17, 1915. 246

(Continued on page 8.)

A "PEG" WORTH TAKING!

"KING GEORGE IV"

Scotch Whisky

Known and appreciated everywhere for its purity, age, and digestive properties.

DISTILLERS COMPANY, LIMITED

One of the principal brands of the Largest Scotch Whisky Distillers in the World. Capital employed over £1,000,000. EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND.

SOLE AGENTS.

GANDE, PRICE & Co., Ltd.

TEL No. 138.

20, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

SHIPPING

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM
NAVIGATION COMPANY

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF MAIL STEAMERS

MARSEILLES & LONDON, TO AUSTRALIA, via MANILA

TAKING PASSENGERS ALSO FOR
COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, &c.
THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED TO BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

Connecting Steamer	Steamer to	Leave SINGAPORE	Leave HONGKONG	Connecting Steamer from	Due at MARSEILLES	Due at LONDON
leaves YOKOHAMA	COLOMBO	11	10	from COLOMBO	12	11
p.m.		noon				1 day later
Mar. 15	SARDINIA	Mar. 8	Mar. 10	MEDINA	Apr. 10	Apr. 18
Apr. 12	ORIENTAL	Mar. 22	Mar. 24	MALWA	Apr. 24	Apr. 30
May 10	SARDINIA	Apr. 8	Apr. 10	MALWA	May 8	May 14
May 10	ORIENTAL	Apr. 18	Apr. 20	MALWA	May 20	May 26
		May 3	May 5	MALWA	June 5	June 11
		May 17	May 19	MALWA	June 19	June 25
		June 1	June 3	MALWA	July 3	July 10

THE ATTENTION of Passengers is drawn to the Accelerated Arrival of the Mail Steamers at MARSEILLES, Plymouth & London. These vessels will now arrive in MARSEILLES on Friday & London on the following Friday.

Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO.

Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong at the time of Booking.

FARES TO LONDON AND MARSEILLES

The Fares to London and Marcellles are as follows:-	LONDON.	MARSEILLES.
1st SALOON "A" Accommodation SINGLE RETURN	£97.	£91.
2nd SALOON "B" " " " " " "	£39.	£33.
3rd SALOON "C" " " " " " "	£24.	£23.
4th SALOON "D" " " " " " "	£14.	£13.
5th SALOON "E" " " " " " "	£8.	£7.

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS
INTERMEDIATE (Non-Transit) STEAMERS
WILL LEAVE FOR

LONDON

CARRYING 1st and 2nd SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES.

PROPOSED SAILINGS:

STEAMERS.	Leave YOKOHAMA	Leave SINGAPORE	Leave HONGKONG	Due at LONDON	Due at MARSEILLES
about	about	about	about	about	about
NAMUR	Mar. 15	Mar. 28	Mar. 31	Apr. 6	May 4
NORE	Apr. 12	Apr. 23	Apr. 28	May 5	June 2
NELLORE	Apr. 26	May 7	May 12	May 18	June 17
NOVARA	May 10	May 21	May 26	June 2	July 2

These Steamers call also at PORT SWETTENHAM, PENANG, and COLOMBO.

FARES TO LONDON

1st SALOON "A" SINGLE RETURN

2nd SALOON "B" SINGLE RETURN

3rd SALOON "C" SINGLE RETURN

4th SALOON "D" SINGLE RETURN

5th SALOON "E" SINGLE RETURN

6th SALOON "F" SINGLE RETURN

7th SALOON "G" SINGLE RETURN

8th SALOON "H" SINGLE RETURN

9th SALOON "I" SINGLE RETURN

10th SALOON "J" SINGLE RETURN

11th SALOON "K" SINGLE RETURN

12th SALOON "L" SINGLE RETURN

13th SALOON "M" SINGLE RETURN

14th SALOON "N" SINGLE RETURN

15th SALOON "O" SINGLE RETURN

16th SALOON "P" SINGLE RETURN

17th SALOON "Q" SINGLE RETURN

18th SALOON "R" SINGLE RETURN

19th SALOON "S" SINGLE RETURN

20th SALOON "T" SINGLE RETURN

21st SALOON "U" SINGLE RETURN

22nd SALOON "V" SINGLE RETURN

23rd SALOON "W" SINGLE RETURN

24th SALOON "X" SINGLE RETURN

25th SALOON "Y" SINGLE RETURN

26th SALOON "Z" SINGLE RETURN

27th SALOON "AA" SINGLE RETURN

28th SALOON "AB" SINGLE RETURN

29th SALOON "AC" SINGLE RETURN

30th SALOON "AD" SINGLE RETURN

31st SALOON "AE" SINGLE RETURN

32nd SALOON "AF" SINGLE RETURN

33rd SALOON "AG" SINGLE RETURN

34th SALOON "AH" SINGLE RETURN

35th SALOON "AI" SINGLE RETURN

36th SALOON "AJ" SINGLE RETURN

37th SALOON "AK" SINGLE RETURN

38th SALOON "AL" SINGLE RETURN

39th SALOON "AM" SINGLE RETURN

40th SALOON "AN" SINGLE RETURN

41st SALOON "AO" SINGLE RETURN

42nd SALOON "AP" SINGLE RETURN

43rd SALOON "AQ" SINGLE RETURN

44th SALOON "AR" SINGLE RETURN

45th SALOON "AS" SINGLE RETURN

46th SALOON "AT" SINGLE RETURN

47th SALOON "AU" SINGLE RETURN

48th SALOON "AV" SINGLE RETURN

49th SALOON "AW" SINGLE RETURN

50th SALOON "AX" SINGLE RETURN

51st SALOON "AY" SINGLE RETURN

52nd SALOON "AZ" SINGLE RETURN

53rd SALOON "BA" SINGLE RETURN

54th SALOON "BB" SINGLE RETURN

55th SALOON "BC" SINGLE RETURN

56th SALOON "BD" SINGLE RETURN

57th SALOON "BE" SINGLE RETURN

58th SALOON "BF" SINGLE RETURN

59th SALOON "BG" SINGLE RETURN

60th SALOON "BH" SINGLE RETURN

SHIPPING

THE EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN
MAIL SERVICE

TO AUSTRALIA, via MANILA

MAIL SCHEDULE
(SUBJECT TO MODIFICATION)

STEAMERS	ARRIVE HONGKONG FROM AUSTRALIA	LEAVE HONGKONG FOR AUSTRALIA
EMPIRE	30th March.	30th April, at 11 a.m.
EASTERN	30th April.	13th May, at 11 a.m.
ALDENHAM	30th April.	21st May, at 11 a.m.

THE above Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and are lighted throughout with Electricity. All State-Rooms have Electric Fans. A duly qualified Doctor and Stewards are carried. For further particulars, apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.
Agents

Reduced First Class Fares.

GREAT NORTHERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

S.S. "MINNESOTA".

CAPACITY 25,000 TONS. 20,715 Tons Gross Register. LENGTH 630 Feet.

BUILT 1914.

EQUIPPED WITH WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Sails from Hongkong 27th March, at Noon.

FOR SEATTLE via MANILA; NAGASAKI, INLAND SEA, KORE & YOKOHAMA.

Hongkong, Manila and Shanghai to Seattle or San Francisco

Round Trip Tickets (Good for Six Months)

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BANKS

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$15,000,000

RESERVE FUND \$15,000,000

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STEAMERS EXPECTED.

Macau.
The P. M. S. S. Co.'s s.s. *China* will sail from Yokohama on Friday March 12th for Hongkong, via Manila. The mails have been transferred to the Messageries Maritimes Company's steamer *Adriatic*, scheduled to arrive at Hongkong on the 25th March.

Other Vessels.

The P. O. S. N. Co.'s s.s. *Arcton* left Singapore for Hongkong on the 14th March, and is due here on the 18th March, p.m.

The D. E. A. Co.'s Ltd. s.s. *Arcton* is due here from Saigon on the 18th March.

The s.s. *Singapore* sailed from Calcutta on the 12th March, and may be expected here on or about the 25th March.

The s.s. *Umaria* sailed from Calcutta on the 8th March, and may be expected here on or about the 25th March.

The E. & A. Co.'s s.s. *Ensign* left Sydney for this port (via Queensland Ports and Manila) on 8th March, and may be expected to arrive here on or about 25th March.

The Barber Line s.s. *Edith* left New York for Hongkong via Panama Canal on the 29th January, and is therefore expected to arrive here about the beginning of April.

Latest Arrivals.

The T. K. N. s.s. *Ugita* which sailed from San Francisco on 13th February, is expected to arrive at this port via Honolulu, Japan Ports, and Manila on Thursday, the 18th March, at 10 a.m.

THE CHINA MAIL.
NOTICE.

Communications relating to news should be addressed to THE EDITOR.
Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with any communication addressed to the Editor, not necessarily for publication but as evidence of good faith.
All matter for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

Letters relating to business should be addressed to THE MANAGER.
Rate of subscription to "The China Mail" is \$2 per annum in advance, per quarter and per month as follows:

The "China Mail" is delivered free to subscribers in Hongkong and Kowloon.
Postage is charged at the rate of fifty cents per month.

Orders for extra copies of the "China Mail" should be sent as soon as possible as the supply is limited. Cash 10 cts., Credit 20 cts., per copy.

Rate of subscription to the "Overhead China Mail" is \$12 per annum; postage \$2 per annum extra. Single copies twenty cents each.

Alterations and additions to advertisements on Pages 2, 3, 4, and 7 should be sent to the Editor, No. 5, Wyndham Street, not later than 11.30 a.m.

Alterations and additions to advertisements on pages 1, 6, 8, and 9 should be sent to the Editor, not later than 1 p.m.

New advertisements should be sent in before 2 p.m.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

Telegraphic Address "MAIL" Hongkong. Code A.B.C. 5th Edition.
Telephone No. 22.

THE CHINA MAIL, LIMITED.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY.
HONGKONG DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

MARCH 17, 1915.—a.m.

Station.	Hour.	Barometer at Sea Level.	Temperature.	Humidity.	Direction.	Force.	Weather.
Vicereux	7 a.m.	30.18	17	81	N	1	b
Victoria	8 a.m.	30.21	17	81	N	1	b
Harbour	8 a.m.	30.21	17	81	N	1	b
Tokio	8 a.m.	30.21	17	81	N	1	b
Kobe	8 a.m.	30.21	17	81	N	1	b
Yokohama	8 a.m.	30.21	17	81	N	1	b
Manila	8 a.m.	30.21	17	81	N	1	b
Cebu	8 a.m.	30.21	17	81	N	1	b
Shanghai	8 a.m.	30.21	17	81	N	1	b
Amoy	8 a.m.	30.21	17	81	N	1	b
Swatow	8 a.m.	30.21	17	81	N	1	b
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